

NP Reasoning in the Monotone μ -Calculus (IJCAR 2020)

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Satisfiability Checking

Complexities of satisfiability checking for some modal logics:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| ▶ K | PSPACE |
| ▶ modal μ -calculus / CTL | EXPTIME |
| ▶ monotone modal logic | NP [Vardi, 1989] |
| ▶ monotone μ -calculus | ? |

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| ▶ K | PSPACE |
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| ▶ monotone modal logic | NP [Vardi, 1989] |
| ▶ alternation-free monotone μ -calculus | NP [here] |

Monotone Modal Logic

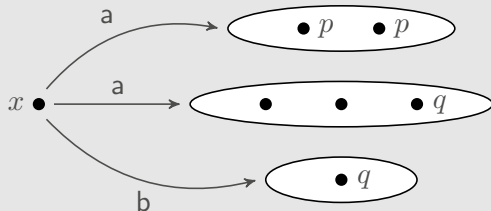
Standard modal formulae, interpreted over *neighbourhood structures* $M = (W, N, I)$ where

$$N : \text{Act} \times W \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{P}(W)) \qquad I : \text{At} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(W)$$

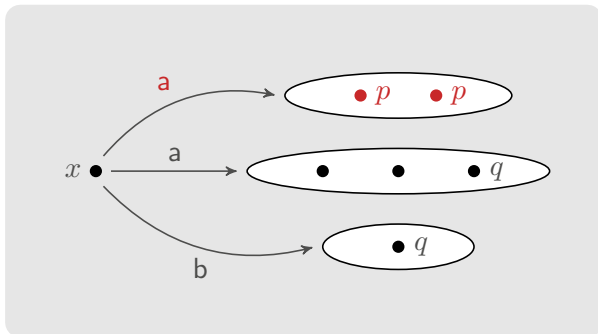
$$\llbracket [a]\phi \rrbracket = \{w \in W \mid \forall S \in N(a, w). S \cap \llbracket \phi \rrbracket \neq \emptyset\}$$

$$\llbracket \langle a \rangle \phi \rrbracket = \{w \in W \mid \exists S \in N(a, w). S \subseteq \llbracket \phi \rrbracket\}$$

Monotone Modal Logic, example

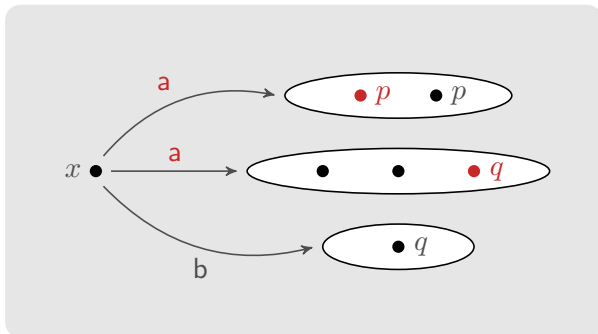


Monotone Modal Logic, example



$x \in \llbracket \langle a \rangle p \rrbracket$

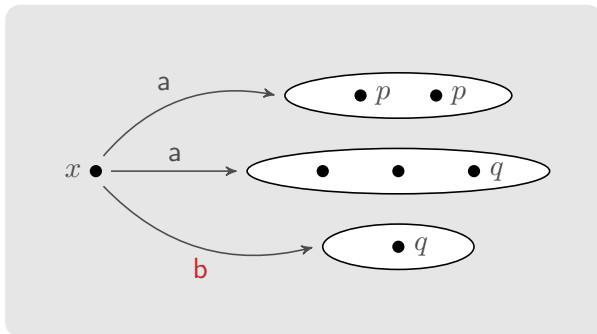
Monotone Modal Logic, example



$$x \in \llbracket \langle a \rangle p \rrbracket$$

$$x \in \llbracket [a](p \vee q) \rrbracket$$

Monotone Modal Logic, example

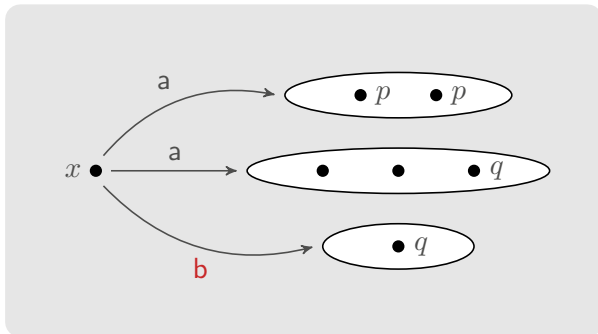


$$x \in \llbracket \langle a \rangle p \rrbracket$$

$$x \in \llbracket [a](p \vee q) \rrbracket$$

$$x \notin \llbracket \langle b \rangle p \rrbracket$$

Monotone Modal Logic, example



$$x \in \llbracket \langle a \rangle p \rrbracket$$

$$x \in \llbracket [a](p \vee q) \rrbracket$$

$$x \notin \llbracket \langle b \rangle p \rrbracket$$

Cannot express e.g. “ p holds in every successor state”
“ p holds in at least one successor state”

Main Result

Main Theorem

The satisfiability problem for the alternation-free monotone μ -calculus is NP-complete.

Proof sketch:

ϕ is satisfiable \Leftrightarrow there is tableau for ϕ \Leftrightarrow Eloise wins satisfiability game for ϕ

Satisfiability games: Two-player Büchi games with polynomial number of Eloise-nodes \rightsquigarrow NP-algorithm for solving the games

Example Logics

Readings:

- ▶ Epistemic Logic

$\langle a \rangle \phi$ – “Agent a knows ϕ ”

- ▶ Concurrent PDL (CPDL), Peleg (1987)

$\langle \alpha \rangle \phi$ – “There is execution of program α in parallel, nondeterministic system s.t. all end states satisfy ϕ ”

- ▶ Game Logic, Parikh (1983)

$\langle \alpha \rangle \phi$ – “Player Angel has strategy to achieve ϕ in game α ”

Take-Away:

Results:

- ▶ Satisfiability checking for
 - CPDL
 - alternation-free Game Logic
 - alternation-free monotone μ -calculus (with global axioms)is only NP-complete!
- ▶ Polynomial bound on model size ($\mathcal{O}(n^2)$)

Future work:

- How about full monotone μ -calculus / Game Logic?